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Setting Up Folder Permissions in Internet Information Services (IIS)

This article explains how to set up write permissions in the required folders for configuring IIS 7.0, 7.5, or 8.0 for KBPublisher.

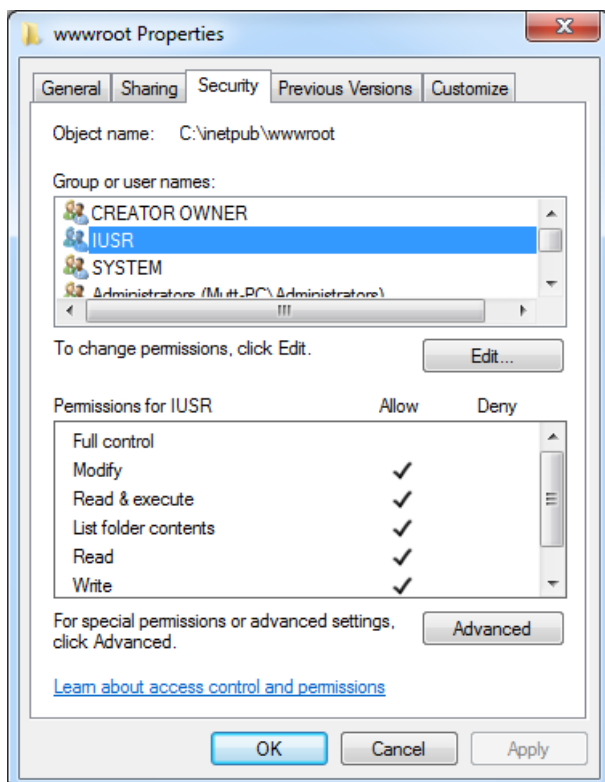
Using the standard folders structure for IIS and KBPublisher set write permissions for following folders:

- **C:/interpub/wwwroot/kb_upload** - for uploads via HTML editor
- **C:/interpub/kb_file** - for uploads via "Files" module
- **C:/interpub/kb_cache** - for cache files

*Note: this is the default category structure. Your configuration might be different.

For each of the above folders, do the following:

1. Right-click the directory, then choose **Properties**
2. Go to the **Security** tab
3. Find the **IUSR** account
(If IUSR is not in the list, add it by clicking **Edit**, then clicking **Add**, and then typing "IUSR" in the "Enter the object names to select" field.)
4. Highlight the user in the list, click **Edit**, and grant the account **Modify** and **Write** permissions



How can I backup and restore database?

You can use mysqldump to create a simple backup of your database using the following syntax:

Backup:

```
mysqldump -u [username] -p[password] -h[host] [databasename] > [backupfile.sql]
```

Restore:

```
mysql -u [username] -p[password] -h[host] [databasename] < [backupfile.sql]
```

- [username] - this is your database username
- [password] - this is the password for your database
- [databasename] - the name of your database
- [host] - this is db hostname (optional)
- [backupfile.sql] - the file to which the backup should be written/read.

How to change ft_min_word_len variable

Normally it is not recommended to change variables that control MySQL fulltext index behaviour (such as ft_min_word_len or ft_max_word_len) but if you really need to...

MySQL config file would usually be found on Windows under C:\Windows\my.ini and on Linux under /etc/my.cnf Edit the file and add

```
[mysqld]
ft_min_word_len = 3
```

The default value is 4 and the above will change it to 3. You can change ft_max_word_len in the same manner:

```
[mysqld]
ft_max_word_len = 150
```

After changing the variable(s) in config file restart MySQL server and you're done. You can then check the values in phpMyAdmin under "Show MySQL system variables" to make sure your changes have taken place.

And finally rebuilt fulltext index by running following sql:
(replace prefix for your tables if required *kbp_kb_entry* -> *your_prefix_kb_entry*)

```
REPAIR TABLE kbp_kb_entry, kbp_kb_comment, kbp_kb_rating_feedback, kbp_feedback, kbp_file_entry, kbp_news;
```

Check variable:

```
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE 'ft_min_word_len';
```

How do I change the PHP memory limit?

In an .htaccess file in the KBPublisher installation directory change and uncomment line:
php_value memory_limit

For example, if the desired limit is 32 MB, the following directive would be placed in the .htaccess:

```
php_value memory_limit "32M"
```

If you are on windows with IIS server .htaccess file will not work for you,
You should update this setting in php.ini file.

How do I change the PHP Max Upload file size?

In an .htaccess file in the KBPublisher installation directory change and uncomment line:
php_value upload_max_filesize

For example, if the desired filesize is 3 meg, the following directive would be placed in the .htaccess:
php_value **upload_max_filesize** "3M"

You also may want to change the following directives:

- php_value **post_max_size** "8M"
Sets max size of post data allowed. This setting also affects file upload.
To upload large files, this value must be larger than upload_max_filesize. Default 8M
- php_value **memory_limit** "32M"
If memory limit is enabled by your configure script, also affects file uploading.
Generally speaking, memory_limit should be larger than post_max_size. Default 8M

If you are on windows with IIS server .htaccess file will not work for you,
You should update these settings in php.ini file.

How can I create a phpinfo.php page?

To create the file simply add the following lines of code to a blank document and name the file phpinfo.php

```
<?php  
phpinfo();  
?>
```

Save the file as phpinfo.php and place it in the desired directory. Lastly, call the script from a browser.

Example: <http://www.example.com/folder/phpinfo.php>

The phpinfo file outputs a large amount of information about the current state of PHP. This includes information about PHP compilation options and extensions, the PHP version, server information and environment (if compiled as a module), the PHP environment, OS version information, paths, master and local values of configuration options and HTTP headers.

How can I find my "Full server path"?

A full server path is the path your system uses to define where your own files are located on the server (as opposed to files belonging to other users).

- You can determine the path while you are logged in via FTP (some programs will tell you this) or while using a File Manager tool in your Control or Administrative Panel (if your host provides one for you).
- You can create a pathinfo.php file. Open a plain text editor, and paste in the following:
`<?php echo $_SERVER["SCRIPT_FILENAME"]; ?>`

Save the text file as pathinfo.php. Upload the file to your server.

Now, type the URL to the file you just uploaded into your browser to view the full server path to that file.

- If none of these solutions work, you may need to ask your host for the full server path for your system and account.

Use "Duplicate" to quickly create articles from a template

Often you find you want to create a number of similar articles. Articles that are placed in the same category(s), that have the same roles assigned, the same formatting, and so on. Creating these from scratch is tedious, and you may forget to set some information.

There's a quick way to do this. Create a basic article template, and then use **Duplicate** to create each article.

To create the basic template:

- [Add a new article](#)
- Set this up with the formatting you want and assign all other required information such as categories and roles
- Save it, but do not publish it -- set the status to "Draft", for example.

To use the template:

- In article listing click **Duplicate** for the you want to clone
- Change the title, content and meta information
- When you are ready to save, click **Save**

That's it! Now you have a new article based on the template, and your template stays untouched and ready for further use


You may want to create a special status such as "Template" for the master articles. Or you could place them in a special category.

How can I buy Export plugin?

To buy Export plugin

1. Login to your [Client Area](#)
2. Go to **My Licenses** tab
3. Select the license you want to extend support and upgrade on
4. In the **Actions** section under **Buy Export plugin** click on the **Buy Now** link
5. This takes you to the KBPublisher purchase page where you can purchase and.

Actions

Buy Export Plugin:	Buy Now
Upgrade license to:	Upgrade KBPublisher license from Small-Biz to Corporate - \$499.99  Upgrade

How can I upgrade to higher level license?

You can upgrade to a higher level license at any time without penalty by paying the difference between licenses.

To upgrade to higher level license

1. Login to your [Client Area](#)
2. Go to **My Licenses** tab
3. Select the license you want to extend support and upgrade on
4. In the **Actions** section under **Upgrade license to** select license you want to upgrade to and click **Upgrade** button
5. This takes you to the KBPublisher purchase page where you can purchase an upgrade

Actions

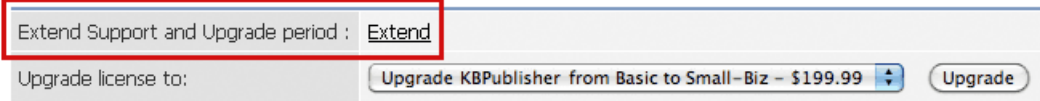
Extend Support and Upgrade period:	Extend
Buy Export Plugin:	Buy Now
Upgrade license to:	Upgrade KBPublisher license from Basic to Small-Biz - \$199.99 ↕ Upgrade

How can I extend my support and maintenance?

To extend support and maintenance period

1. Login to your [Client Area](#)
2. Go to **My Licenses** tab
3. Select the license you want to extend support and upgrade on
4. In the **Actions** section under **Extend Support and Maintenance period** click on the **Extend** link
5. This takes you to the KBPublisher purchase page where you can purchase an extension.

Actions



Extend Support and Upgrade period : [Extend](#)

Upgrade license to: Upgrade KBPublisher from Basic to Small-Biz - \$199.99 Upgrade

To see how much support and maintenance you have left

You can see how long your Support and Upgrade is valid to in the **Support and maintenance** section below.

Support and upgrades EXPIRED on: 19 May, 2009 | [Extend](#)

Title	Purchased	Date valid to
KBPublisher: Basic - Additional year Support & Upgrade	19 May, 2008 (Free)	19 May, 2009

How can I show different content for different users?

QUESTION:

Is it possible to create "user areas"?

We would like our customer A to see all our general documentation plus articles specific to company A, customer B to see all general documentation plus articles specific to company B (but not A) and so on.

ANSWER:

Yes, this is possible. You do it using roles and private categories.

Set up roles and categories

First, create roles for the each company:

- [Create a role](#) called **Company A** and assign all users from company A to this role
- [Create a second role](#) called **Company B** and assign all users from company B to this role.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' management interface with the 'Roles' tab selected. A dropdown menu labeled 'Roles:' is set to 'All roles'. Below it is a table with the following data:

ID	Title	Description	Users	
39	<u>Customers</u>			...
41	Company B	Role for company B		...
40	Company A	Role for company A		...

Next, create private categories:

- [Create a category](#) specifically for Company A. Let's call it **Company A documents**.
- For the **Private** field, check **Read** (note that there is a second option here, Write. This controls who can [edit](#) an article)
- This brings up a new option, **Access for selected roles**. Select **Company A**

Articles

Articles Drafts Featured Comments Feedbacks Glossary **Categories** Template

Edit

*Title:

Description:

*Parent category: +

Category type: ?

Sort entries by: ?

Order: ?

Private: ?

Read

Access for assigned roles only (no role - access for all authorized (logged on and has enough privileges) users):

+ -

Write

Allow comments: Yes ?

Allow rate: Yes ?

Published: Yes

Supervisor + - ?

- Select other options required for this category and then **Save** to complete
- Do the same for Company B

Create a general category:

- [Create another category](#) -- let's call it **User Manual** -- that users in both companies can look at. Do not assign a role this time.

Create your articles

Everything is now set up.

- When you [create articles](#), assign them to the appropriate category - **User Manual** category if you want all users to read it, Company A if you only want users from Company A to read it, and Company B if you only want users from Company B to read it.

Articles

Articles Drafts Featured Comments Feedbacks Glossary Categories Template

Category: Status: Type: Search: + - ...

Records: 1 - 10 of 142 Pages: 1 of 15 >>> Records per page: 10

ID	Posted	Updated	Title	Category	Rating	Views	Status
105	29 Nov, 2007	03 Aug, 2019	Article workflow	Company A documents	★★★★☆	98	...
106	30 Nov, 2007	03 Aug, 2019	User privileges	Company B documents	★★★★☆	119	...
62	03 Nov, 2007	03 Aug, 2019	The category input screen explained	Comments	★★★★☆	43088	...

What users see

Once this is done, users from Company A can log on and read all User Manual articles, plus all Company A articles.

Knowledgebase

- > FAQ
- > User Manual
- > Company A documents

While a user from Company B sees:

Knowledgebase

- > FAQ
- > User Manual
- > Company B documents

How can I restrict article creation to specific users?

QUESTION

Our knowledgebase has three different groups of writers:

- The subject matter experts (SMEs) who write the policies and processes for front-of-house
- The IT team, who write support documents for IT issues
- The sales team, who list prices and features of our various products

How do I set up my knowledgebase so that the three groups can only write articles specific to their area of expertise?

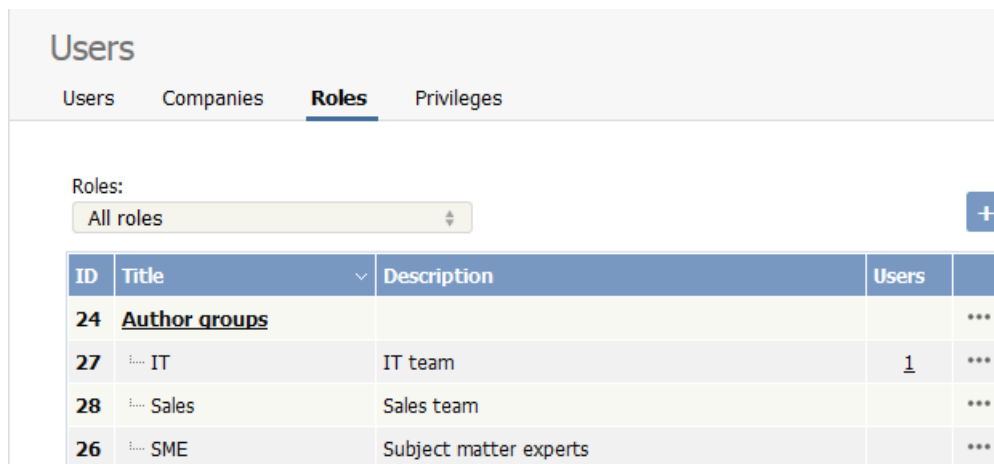
ANSWER

You do this using roles and categories, and set your categories to private write.

Set up roles and categories

First, create roles for the each type of user:

- [Create a role](#) called **SME** and assign all your subject matter expert writers to this role
- [Create a second role](#) called **IT** and assign all your IT writers to this role
- [Create a third role](#) called **Sales** and assign all your sales writers to this role



The screenshot shows the 'Users' management interface with the 'Roles' tab selected. A dropdown menu is set to 'All roles'. Below it is a table with the following data:

ID	Title	Description	Users	
24	Author groups			...
27	IT	IT team	1	...
28	Sales	Sales team		...
26	SME	Subject matter experts		...

Note that you don't have to restrict these roles just to writers, it can include all your sales team, IT group and subject matter experts. The user's privilege still controls whether they can write articles or not.

Next, create private categories:

- [Create a category](#) for policies and processes
- For the **Private** field, check **Write** (Write restricts write access to the category but allows everyone to read it)
- This brings up a new option, **Access for assigned roles only**. Select **SMEs**

Articles

Articles Drafts Featured Comments Feedbacks Glossary **Categories** Template

Add new

*Title:	<input type="text" value="Policies and processes"/>
Description:	<input type="text"/>
*Parent category:	<input type="text" value="TOP LEVEL"/> +
Category type:	<input type="text" value="Standard"/> ?
Sort entries by:	<input type="text" value="Default (Use rule defined in Settings)"/> ?
Order:	<input type="text" value="AT THE END"/>
Private:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ?
	<input type="checkbox"/> Read <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Write
	Access for assigned roles only:
	<input type="text" value="Author groups :: SME"/> + - ↑
Allow comments:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes ?
Allow rate:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes ?
Published:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes

Supervisor

+ - ?

Save

Cancel

- Select other options required for this category and then **OK** to complete
- Do the same for IT and Sales

Create your articles

Everything is now set up.

- Only subject matter experts can [create or update articles](#) in the SME category
- Only IT people can create articles in the IT category
- Only Sales people can create articles in the Sales category

All users can read all articles, however.

This functionality works in version 3.5 and above

How can I add many articles to the same category but not have to go and find the category from the list every time?

Sometimes, when you're adding lots of articles at once, it's a pain to have to hunt through the category list each time to put it into the right place. Here is a way you can do it quickly.

Set a category filter. Choose the category from the drop-down list of categories on the Articles tab in the Knowledgebase area and click **go** to set the filter. When you click "Add New" this category will be assigned by default.

How can I change authentication session timeout?

To change the session timeouts:

- Log in to Admin area
- Click on **Settings**
- Choose **Admin** tab
- Under the **Security/Privacy** tab, set the **session expires (in minutes)** to the required timeout in minutes.
If you don't want the session to timeout at all, set this to 0. Your session should remain valid until you close your browser.

If it does not work as expected check the following values in your [php settings](#).

1. session.cookie_lifetime (Default: **0**)
 - session.cookie_lifetime specifies the lifetime of the cookie in seconds which is sent to the browser.
 - a value of 0 means "until the browser is closed"
2. session.gc_maxlifetime (Default: **1440**)
 - session.gc_maxlifetime specifies the number of seconds after which data will be seen as 'garbage' and cleaned up.
 - garbage collection occurs during session start.

Tip:

- Do not forget to restart web server if you change php settings.

How to Install a Language Pack

First check if required language is not in a installed

- Log on to the knowledgebase
- Go the **Admin Area**
- Click on the **Settings** menu and choose the **Admin** tab
- See **Language** setting for available languages
- Choose required language

If you can't find the desired language on the list, see how to install it below.

Language packs are available from the KBPublisher [download area](#)


- Download the language pack you desire
- Unpack it (The top-level folder of the language pack is named for the language, e.g. 'en' for English, 'de' for German)
- Copy the unpacked files to the **[kbp_dir]/admin/lang** directory of your knowledgebase
- Follow the steps above to set up language

This functionality works in version 4.0 and above

How can I add embedded video to an article?

Use Insert Video button in HTML editor

Upload the file to the server using the **Video** button in HTML editor

- Click on **Video** icon  in HTML editor toolbar
- **Upload** video or choose from server
- Fill required fields
- Click **OK**

Use Insert/Edit button in HTML editor

Upload the file to the server using the **Insert/Edit link** in HTML editor

- Click on **Insert/Edit** icon
- Click on the **Upload** tab
- **Browse server** to find your file

Change the HTML source code to point to the video

- Click on the **Source** button in the HTML editor to update the HTML
- Replace the video link that you just created from:

```
<a href="http://www.kbpublisher.com/kb_upload/file/video.mp4">/kb_upload/file/video.mp4</a>
```

to:

```
<video width="320" height="240" controls="controls">  
  <source src="http://www.kbpublisher.com/kb_upload/file/video.mp4" type="video/mp4" />  
  Your browser does not support the video tag.  
</video>
```

Where *video.mp4* is the name of your video file. Use your own width and height values to suit, or you can remove the width and height altogether, or use only width or only height.

For further information, see the [W3C video tag](#) specification.

How Can I Route a Approval email Based on the Category?

QUESTION:

Is it possible to specify who receives 'Aprove Request' emails based on the category in which the submitted article is posted?

ANSWER:

Yes, you do this by assigning a supervisor for the category.

To assign a supervisor:

- Log in as an admin user
- Select the **Articles** menu
- Choose the **Categories** tab
- Click on **Feedback Subjects**
- Edit a category (or [add a new one](#))
- Click on the Supervisor folder icon to **add new** supervisor
- This brings up a list of users to select from
- If the user is not yet in the list, add the user
- Once your user is in the list click **Assign**
- This brings you back to the **Category** screen. The name of the person who is to receive emails is now listed in the **Supervisor** field
- Click **Save**.

When you return to the **Category** listing screen the name of the supervisor is listed for the category.

How Can I Route a Question Based on the Subject?

QUESTION:

Is it possible to specify who receives 'Ask a Question' questions based on the question type?

ANSWER:

Yes, you do this by assigning a supervisor for the subject.

To assign a supervisor

- Log in as a admin user
- Click on **Tools** menu
- Choose the **Lists** tab
- Click on **Feedback Subjects**
- Edit your feedback subject (or [add a new one](#))
- Click on the Supervisor folder icon to **add new** supervisor
- This brings up a list of users to select from
- If the user is not yet in the list, add the user
- Once your user is in the list click **Assign**
- This brings you back to the Feedback Subject screen on the List tab. The name of the person who is to receive emails is now listed in the Supervisor field
- Click **OK** to save your changes.

When you return to the Feedback Subjects screen the name of the supervisor is listed against the subject.

How Can I Move KBPublisher to Another Server?

Moving KBPublisher to a new server is a relatively simple process, provided you copy all files and retain the same file structure.

To do so you need to:

- Backup the database and copy it across to the new server
- Backup the KBPublisher folders and any files in them, and copy them across to the new server
- Copy any local files across, and manually change the links in the database if required
- Install any third-party tools you use
- Set up scheduling.

If you wish, you can rename your database and/or move your folders around, but the instructions below do not cover that.

Before you start

- It goes without saying that you need to backup everything. Database and files. A physical copy on your hard disk somewhere.
- If you have used local files (see local files section below), make sure that you know where all the files are and what you will need to copy across.

The database

The database contains your articles, your users and your settings and while you can reinstall pretty much everything else (except uploaded files) by re-installing KBPublisher, no-one can fix a database that isn't there.

1. Backup the database and restore it on new server.
[Full instructions on backing up and restoring a database can be found here](#) .
Check the new server to ensure the database is there before going any further.

KBPublisher files

Backup the directories and copy them across to the new server. Keep the same directory structure.

The directories you need to copy are:

2. The main KBPublisher directory. This is directly under the public-html folder, and will be usually be named *kb* or *kbp*, depending on how KBPublisher was installed initially
3. The kb_files directory. This contains all the files you uploaded using the Files module.
To find the exact name/location of this directory: click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Admin** tab and check the **Files directory** field
4. The kb_upload directory. This is the folder that contains all your images and any other uploaded files via HTML editor.
To find the exact name/location of this directory: click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Admin** tab and check the **HTML editor file directory** field

Local files

Local files are files which were already on the server and which you then linked to the knowledgebase. To add local files you would have added them by either clicking on the **Files** menu and choosing **Add Local File** (these files were already on the server and you effectively just linked them to the knowledgebase), or by setting directory rules by clicking on the **Files** menu, then assigning directories in the **Directory Rules** tab.

If you haven't done either of these things then you don't have any local files to copy and can ignore this part.

```
UPDATE kbp_file_entry SET directory = replace(directory, '/home/old/file', '/home/new/file');
```

5. Copy any local files across to the new server.
Unfortunately, we can't tell you where these files will be, as they will be unique to your site.
Retain the same file structure if you can, as it will be easier.
6. If you move keep the same directory paths and names on the new server everything should work. (You can test this when you log on to the knowledgebase by trying to open one of these local files.) If, however, the paths have changed, then you need to write [one-line find-and-replace statements](#) in SQL to replace old path to new one.

For example, if the old path is */home/old/file* and the new one is */home/new/file* then your search and replace will be something like:

Install any third-party tools

7. [Install third party tools such as xpdf and catdoc](#) on the new server if required.

Update the config file

Now that everything is on the server you need to update the configuration file to point to the new server.

8. Update **admin/config.inc.php** to match the new server values.
You need to change anything that points to a path on your server, which may include:
 - `$_SERVER['DOCUMENT_ROOT']`
 - `$_SERVER['HTTP_HOST']`

- `$conf['cache_dir']`
- `$conf['php_dir']`

Update settings

You should now be able to log on to KBPublisher.

9. Log on to your knowledgebase as an admin user
10. If you are using Export Plugin, Click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Plugins** tab, and set the **HTMLDOC installation path** to point to the new location where it is installed
11. Click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Admin** tab, and
 - Update the **files directory** to point the new file directory
 - If you are using XPDF, set the **XPDF installation path** to point to the new location where it is installed
 - If you are using Catdoc, set the **Catdoc installation path** to point to the new location where it is installed
 - If you are using Antiword, set the **Antiword installation path** to point to the new location where it is installed
10. Click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Admin** tab, and update the **HTML Editor file directory** to point the the new upload directory
11. Click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Email** tab and set correct values if required
12. If you use a custom template, click on the **Settings** menu, choose the **Public Area -> Common** tab and change the **template page to load** to point to the new location of the HTML template

Set up scheduling on the new server

Scheduling and alerts are cron jobs and must be set up on the new server.

15. [Set up scheduled tasks.](#)

That's it. You're done. Your knowledgebase is on the new server and should be working exactly like the old one.

Licensing and right to run

Please note that before you run KBPublisher on the new server you should completely remove it from the old one. Failure to do so may lead to a licences violation.

Your purchase of a KBPublisher license grants you the right to make use of a single instance of the software. You may temporarily install a second instance of KBPublisher on an internal development server for testing and deployment planning, but only one instance of KBPublisher shall be in operation (available for access to your admin users or end users).

How can I do a mass find and replace in articles?

You can write one-line find-and-replace statements in SQL.

To find a string in a certain field and replace it with another string:

```
UPDATE [table_name] SET [field_name] = REPLACE([field_name],[string_to_find],[string_to_replace]);
```

To not affect date updated for the articles use following sql:

```
UPDATE [table_name] SET [field_name] = REPLACE([field_name],[string_to_find],[string_to_replace]), date_updated=date_updated;
```

To find what articles will be affected:

```
SELECT [field] FROM [table_name] WHERE [field_name] LIKE '%[string_to_find]%';
```

Example: replace "apple" to "banana" in all articles

```
UPDATE kbp_kb_entry SET body = REPLACE(body,'apple','banana'), date_updated=date_updated;
```

How can I set KBPublisher to use SSL?

You can set KBPublisher to use secure socket layers (SSL) for the whole site or for key functions. SSL is a security measure that establishes an encrypted link between the server and the client computer trying to access it. This protects data being sent in either direction (uploaded or downloaded) from being stolen by a hacker or a malicious program. When you see the URL (web address) of a site or application beginning "https:" instead of "http:", SSL is active for that URL.

When SSL is enabled and someone tries to access your knowledgebase using a URL beginning "http:", KBPublisher automatically changes the address to use the encoded "https:" address.

To enable SSL for KBPublisher

1. Make sure your web server is configured to work with SSL.
2. Edit the file `kbp_dir/admin/config.inc.php`, updating the variables according to the options below:

Variables

To enable SSL for your knowledgebase, set one or both of these variables in `config.inc.php` to "1":

- `$conf['ssl_admin']` - controls SSL for the admin area
- `$conf['ssl_client']` - controls SSL for the public area

Set the variable to "0" to turn SSL off for that area.

Using a custom port

By default, KBPublisher uses port 443 for SSL. You can specify a different port number by replacing "1" with the port number. If you want to use port 55, set `ssl_admin` or `ssl_client` like this:

- `$conf['ssl_admin'] = 55`

Example Configurations

The Admin area and the Public area use SSL:

- `$conf['ssl_admin'] = 1;`
- `$conf['ssl_client'] = 1;`

The Admin area uses SSL, but the Public area does not use SSL:

- `$conf['ssl_admin'] = 1;`
- `$conf['ssl_client'] = 0;`

The Admin area and the Public area use SSL through port 55:

- `$conf['ssl_admin'] = 55;`
- `$conf['ssl_client'] = 55;`

How can I sort categories?

You must be in the Admin area.

- Under the **Articles** menu, open the **Categories** tab.
- Filter the list by selecting a category with child categories you want to reorder. Note: You can only re-order one level in a time.
- Click the button with three dots [...] in the top right corner.
- Choose **Reorder** from the popup menu.
- Rearrange the categories by dragging and dropping them in the results list.
- Click **Save**.

How can I downgrade to lower level license?

You can downgrade to a lower level license by paying the support price for the license.

To downgrade to lower level license

1. Login to your [Client Area](#)
2. Go to **My Licenses** tab
3. Select the license you want to downgrade
4. In the **Actions** section under **Downgrade license to** select license you want to downgrade to and click **Downgrade** button
5. This takes you to the KBPublisher purchase page where you can buy a downgrade

Actions

Extend Support & Maintenance period	Extend (EXPIRED on 27 Feb, 2014)
Upgrade license to:	Upgrade 30 License Pack to Unlimited Site License – \$1199.99 <input type="button" value="Upgrade"/>
Downgrade license to:	Downgrade 30 License Pack to 20 License Pack – \$648.00 <input type="button" value="Downgrade"/>

How Can I Sort Articles?

You must be in the Admin area.

- Under the **Articles** menu, open the **Articles** tab.
- Filter the list by selecting a category with articles you want to reorder, and then clicking the right arrow button.
- Click the button with three dots [...] in the top right corner.
- Choose **Reorder** from the popup menu.
- Rearrange the articles by dragging and dropping them in the results list.
- Click **Save**.

